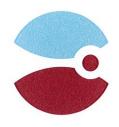


Financial statements of the year 2020-2021

Kirsons B.V. in Amsterdam



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Auditor's commentary



To the Board of Managing Directors of Kirsons B.V.
Evert van de Beekstraat 1-104
1118 CL SCHIPHOL

Oostzaan, June 24, 2021

Dear Sirs,

According to your assignment we herewith present the financial statements for the year 2020-2021 (ending March 31, 2021) of Kirsons B.V. in Amsterdam (Netherlands).

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Scope of engagement

According to your assignment the financial statement 2020-2021 of Kirsons B.V. in Amsterdam (Netherlands) are audited by De Groene Accountant B.V. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the company. It is the responsibility of De Groene Accountant B.V. to express an opinion on these financial statements based on their audit. These financial statements are stated on the pages 6 up to and including 16 of this report.

#### 1.2 Registration

The company is first registered under number 34308680 in the trade register of the Chamber of Commerce in Amsterdam on August 11, 2008. The companies' activities have started at August 11, 2008.

#### 1.3 Activities of the company

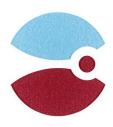
The activities of the company consist of rendering advisory services and trading of electric motors and other products.

The auditor's report is stated under "Other information" on pages 20 till 23 of this report.

We hope to have served you duly in this matter. We are willing to give further explanation if requested.

Yours sincerely,

Ozlo Accountants B.V.



**Annual accounts** 



# 1 BALANCE SHEET AS PER MARCH 31, 2021 (after appropriation of the result)

,	March 3	1, 2021	March 31	1,2020
	€	€	€	€
ASSETS				
Fixed assets				
Intangible fixed assets (1)				
Intellectual property		-		381.000,00
Current assets				
Receivables (3)				
Loans and advancements to subsidiaries	471.566,28		471.566,28	
Tax receivables	132,00		397,00	
Prepaid expenses	1.103,16	_	1.455,00	
		472.801,44	-	473.418,28
Cash (4)		1.458,11		12.237,17

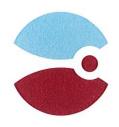
**TOTAL** 

474.259,55

866.655,45

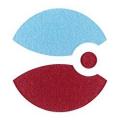
		March 31	March 31, 2021 March 31,		, 2020
		€	€	€	€
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>					
Shareholders' equity	(5)				
Issued and paid up share capital Share premium Other reserves		260.200,00 30.935.543,55 -30.850.759,32	344.984,23	260.200,00 30.935.543,55 -30.460.401,50	735.342,05
Current liabilities	(6)				
Accounts payable Accruals		41.330,53 87.944,79		41.677,09 89.636,31	
			129.275,32		131.313,40

TOTAL 474.259,55 866.655,45



## 2 PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD APRIL 1, 2020 TILL MARCH 31, 2021

	2020/2021	2019/2020
	€	€
Costs		
Depreciation costs (7)	381.000,00	127.000,00
Operating costs	10.405,76	12.373,39
	391.405,76	139.373,39
Operating result	-391.405,76	-139.373,39
Financial result (11)	1.047,95	-5.996,42
Result ordinary activities before taxation Taxation	-390.357,81	-145.369,81
Net result for the year	-390.357,81	-145.369,81



#### 3 PRINCIPLES FOR VALUATION AND DETERMINATION OF THE RESULT

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Title 9, Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

The valuation of assets and liabilities and the determination of the result occurs under the historical costs convention. Unless presented otherwise assets and liabilities are stated at face value. Income and expenses are accounted for on accrual basis. Profit is only included if and when realized on balance sheet date. Losses originating before the end of the financial year are taken into account if and when these are known before finalizing the financial statements.

#### Place of business

Kirsons B.V. (registered at the Chamber of Commerce under number 34308680) is actually established at Evert van de Beekstraat 104 in Schiphol (Netherlands).

The statutory seat of the company is Amsterdam in the Netherlands.

### Groupcompanies

The company forms part of a group, of which Kirsons B.V. in Amsterdam is at the head. The group consists futhermore of Lloyd Dynamowerke GmbH & Co. KG in Bremen (Germany) and Lloyd Beteiligungs-GmbH in Bremen (Germany).

#### Consolidation

Based upon the exemption stated in article 408, Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code the company does not prepare consolidated financial statements. The company's financial statements as well as those of its subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements of Kirloskar Electric Company Limited in Bangalore, India.

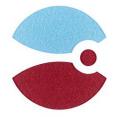
#### PRINCIPLES FOR THE VALUATION OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

### Intangible fixed assets

The intangible fixed assets are valued at cost price and diminished with straight line depreciation and downward value adjustments.

### Financial fixed assets

The participations in the subsidiaries are valued at cost price according to Dutch reporting guideline RJ 214.325 since the exemption of article 408, Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code is applied. If necessary a provision for reduction in value is taken into account.



#### Receivables

Upon initial recognition the receivables are accounted for at face value. Provisions deemed necessary for doubtful accounts are deducted. These provisions are determined by individual assessment of the receivables.

#### Cash

Cash in hand and at the bank are accounted for at face value.

#### **Current liabilities**

Current liabilities are stated at face value.

### PRINCIPLES FOR THE DETERMINATION OF THE RESULT

#### Costs

Operating costs are taken into account in the period to which they relate, if necessary by means of accruals.

### **Depreciation costs**

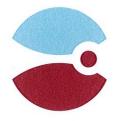
Intangible fixed assets including goodwill and tangible fixed assets are being depreciated from the moment of putting into operation based upon the expected economical useful life of each net asset. Downward value adjustments are here taken into account.

#### Financial result

The interest income and interest expenses relate to in this financial year received and paid interest of issued and received loans.

### **Taxation**

Corporation tax is calculated at the applicable rate on the result for the financial year, taking into account differences between profit calculated according to the financial statements and profit calculated for taxation purposes.



## 4 NOTES TO THE BALANCE SHEET AS PER MARCH 31, 2021

### **ASSETS**

### FIXED ASSETS

### 1. Intangible fixed assets

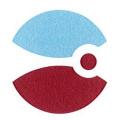
		Intellectual property €
Bookvalue as per April 1, 2020 Depreciation Downward value adjustments Bookvalue as per March 31, 2021		381.000,00 -127.000,00 -254.000,00
Acquisition price Accumulated depreciation Bookvalue as per March 31, 2021		1.270.000,00
Rate of depreciation		
Intellectual property		% 10
2. Financial fixed assets		
	03-31-2021	03-31-2020
Subsidiaries	€	€
Lloyd Dynamowerke GmbH & Co. KG te Bremen (Germany) (94,89%) Lloyd Beteiligung GmbH te Bremen (Germany) (100,00%)	-	-



	04-01-2020 till 03-31-2021	04-01-2019 till 03-31-2020
	€	€
Lloyd Dynamowerke GmbH & Co. KG		
Account balance as per April 1 Movements	30.081.211,75	30.081.211,75
Provision in connection with insolvency	<b>30.081.211,75</b> -30.081.211,75	<b>30.081.211,75</b> -30.081.211,75
Account balance as per March 31	-	-
Lloyd Beteiligung GmbH		
Account balance as per April 1 Movements	33.937,02	33.937,02
Provision in connection with insolvency	<b>33.937,02</b> -33.937,02	33.937,02 -33.937,02
Account balance as per March 31	-	-

In view of regular insolvency proceedings ongoing at Lloyd Dynamowerke GmbH & Co. KG in Bremen (Germany) and by way of precaution the investment is fully provided for. The managing board has initiated several legal steps for the recovery of the investment.

Because Lloyd Beteiligung GmbH in Bremen (Germany) is a partner of Lloyd Dynamowerke GmbH & Co. KG and also by way op precaution the investment is fully provided for.



### **CURRENT ASSETS**

### 3. Receivables

	03-31-2021	03-31-2020
	€	€
Loans and advancements to subsidiaries		
Lloyd Dynamowerke GmbH & Co. KG, shareholders' loan	125.134,68	125.134,68
Lloyd Dynamowerke GmbH & Co. KG, accounts receivable	346.431,60	346.431,60
	471.566,28	471.566,28

Because of the insolvency proceedings ongoing at Lloyd Dynamowerke GmbH & Co. KG the company can not claim repayments on the shareholders' loan and the accounts receivable as agreed upon in previous years. Provisions are made in connection with this insolvency.

Lloyd Dynamowerke GmbH & Co. KG, shareholders' loan

	04-01-2020 till 03-31-2021	04-01-2019 till 03-31-2020
	€	
Account balance as per April 1 Movements	625.673,41	625.673,41
Provision in connection with insolvency	<b>625.673,41</b> -500.538,73	<b>625.673,41</b> -500.538,73
Account balance as per March 31	125.134,68	125.134,68
Lloyd Dynamowerke GmbH & Co. KG, accounts receivable		
Account balance as per April 1 Movements	1.732.158,00	1.732.158,00
Provision in connection with insolvency	<b>1.732.158,00</b> -1.385.726,40	<b>1.732.158,00</b> -1.385.726,40
Account balance as per March 31	346.431,60	346.431,60



	03-31-2021	03-31-2020
	€	€
Tax receivables		
Value Added Tax	132,00	397,00
Prepaid expenses		
Deposit rent	254,00	254,00
Miscellaneous	849,16	1.201,00
	1.103,16	1.455,00
4. Cash		
ING Bank N.V., current account	_	11.847,47
ING Bank N.V., savings account	-	389,70
Cash in transit	1.458,11	-
	1.458,11	12.237,17



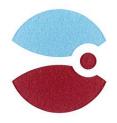
### **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES**

## 5. Shareholders' equity

	03-31-2021	03-31-2020	
	€	€	
Issued and paid up share capital			
2.602 ordinary shares each of a nominal value of € 100	260.200,00	260.200,00	
The authorised capital of the company amounts to € 390.000 consisting of	f 3.900 ordinary shares	each of	

The authorised capital of the company amounts to  $\in$  390.000 consisting of 3.900 ordinary shares each of a nominal value of  $\in$  100.

	04-01-2020 till 03-31-2021	04-01-2019 till 03-31-2020
	€	€
Share premium		
Account balance as per April 1 Movements	30.935.543,55	30.935.543,55
Account balance as per March 31	30.935.543,55	30.935.543,55
Other reserves		
Account balance as per April 1 Net result	-30.460.401,51 -390.357,81	
Account balance as per March 31	-30.850.759,32	-30.460.401,50



### 6. Current liabilities

	03-31-2021	03-31-2020
	€	€
Accounts payable		
Accounts payable to creditors	1.330,53	1.677,09
Accounts payable Kirloskar Electric Company Limited	40.000,00	40.000,00
	41.330,53	41.677,09
Accruals and deferred liabilities		
Accruals		
Audit fee	4.000,00	4.000,00
Legal expenses, consultancy charges and tax matters	1.000,00	1.062,49
Loan Kirsons Trading Pte Ltd. (Singapore)	82.944,79	84.573,82
	87.944,79	89.636,31

### **OFF BALANCE COMMITMENTS**

### Subsequent events after balance sheet date

There have not been any subsequent events after balance sheet date with major financial consequences.

### Financial commitments for more than one year

There are no claims, obligations and settlements which are not accounted for in the balance sheet.

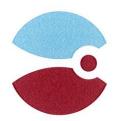


# NOTES TO THE PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD APRIL 1, 2020 TILL MARCH 31, 2021

### Number of employees

During the year 2020-2021 the company did not engage any employees.

	2020/2021	2019/2020
	€	€
7. Depreciation costs		
Intangible fixed assets Downward value adjustments	127.000,00 254.000,00	127.000,00
	381.000,00	127.000,00
Operating costs		
8. Housing expenses		
Office rent Kitchen amenities Miscellaneous housing expenses	5.080,44 330,00 -12,00	5.879,40 360,00 118,00
	5.398,44	6.357,40
9. Office costs		Magazanny o saostro te premis
Office supplies	_	6,38



	2020/2021	2019/2020
	€	€
10. General expenses		
Tax advise, VAT and corporate tax Audit fee Rounding off	782,00 4.225,00 0,32	1.912,25 4.095,00 2,36
	5.007,32	6.009,61
11. Financial result	-	
Interest income and related revenues Interest expenses and related expenses	5.251,37 -4.203,42	-5.996,42
	1.047,95	-5.996,42
Interest income and related revenues		
Exchange gain loan from Kirsons Trading Pte Ltd. (Singapore)	5.251,37	-
Interest expenses and related expenses		
Interest loan from Kirsons Trading Pte Ltd. (Singapore) Exchange loss loan from Kirsons Trading Pte Ltd. (Singapore) Bankcharges	-3.622,24 - -581,18	-3.862,04 -1.562,83 -571,55
	-4.203,42	-5.996,42



Other information



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: the shareholders of Kirsons B.V.

### A. Report on the audit of the financial statements 2020-2021 included in the annual report

Our opinion

We have audited the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 of Kirsons B.V., based in Schiphol (Netherlands).

In our opinion the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Kirsons B.V. as at March 31, 2021 and of its result for the period April 1, 2020 till March 31,2021 in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

The financial statements comprise:

- the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021;
- the profit and loss account for the period April 1, 2020 till March 31, 2021;
- the notes comprising a summary of the accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Basis for our opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Dutch law, including the Dutch Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report.

We are independent of Kirsons B.V. in accordance with the Wet toezicht accountantsorganisaties (Wta, Audit firms supervision act), the Verordening inzake de onafhankelijkheid van accountants bij assurance-opdrachten (ViO, Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, a regulation with respect to independence) and other relevant independence regulations in the Netherlands. Furthermore we have complied with the Verordening gedrags- en beroepsregels accountants (VGBA, Dutch Code of Ethics).

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### B. Report on the other information included in the annual report

In addition to the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, the annual report contains solely other information that consists of other information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

kantooradres: Vrijburglaan 42 1911 SG Uitgeest

e-mail: info:

telefoon: 06 1519 3366

gerrit@degroeneaccountantbv.nl BTW-nummer: NL854902089B01 www.degroeneaccountantbv.nl

bankrelatie:

NL23 INGB 0006 7898 97

KvK-nummer: 62648373



Based on the following procedures performed, we conclude that the other information contains a material misstatement. Nothwithstanding Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code the management report is missing. Therefore we do not express an opinion about the management report.

Except for the possible effects of the previous matter we conclude that the other information is consistent with the financial statements and does not contain material misstatements. The other information contains the information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

We have read the other information. Based on our knowledge and understanding obtained through our audit of the financial statements or otherwise, we have considered whether the other information contains material misstatements.

By performing these procedures, we comply with the requirements of Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Dutch Standard 720. The scope of the procedures performed is substantially less than the scope of those performed in our audit of the financial statements.

Management is responsible for the preparation of the management report in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and other information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

### C. Description of responsibilities regarding the financial statements

### Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. Furthermore, management is responsible for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

As part of the preparation of the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Based on the financial reporting framework mentioned, management should prepare the financial statements using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objective is to plan and perform the audit engagement in a manner that allows us to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence for our opinion.



Our audit has been performed with a high, but not absolute, level of assurance, which means we may not detect all material errors and fraud during our audit.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. The materiality affects the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and the evaluation of the effect of identified misstatements on our opinion.

We have exercised professional judgement and have maintained professional scepticism throughout the audit, in accordance with Dutch Standards on Auditing, ethical requirements and independence requirements. Our audit included among others:

- identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designing and performing audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtaining an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control;
- evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- concluding on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting, and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause a company to cease to continue as a going concern;
- evaluating the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures; and
- evaluating whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

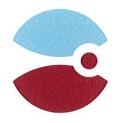


We communicate with the managing directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant findings in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Uitgeest, June 24, 2021

De Groene Accountant B.V.

Drs. G.C. Groen RA



### 2 Statutory rules concerning the appropriation of the profit

According to article 28 of the Articles of Association the appropriation of the profit is as follows:

- 1. The profit shall be at the free disposal of the general meeting of shareholders.
- 2. The company may only make distributions to the shareholders and others entitled to the profit susceptible of distribution in so far as the equity is greater than the paid-up and called part of the capital increased by the reserves that must be maintained by virtue of the law.
- 3. Distribution of profit shall be made after adoption of the annual accounts showing that it is permitted.
- 4. On shares acquired by the company in its own capital or at their depositary receipts no distribution shall be made for the benefit of the company. When the appropriation of profit is calculated, the shares on which no distribution is made in pursuance of the preceding paragraph shall not be counted.
- 5. In the meantime the company may only make ditributions if the requirement of paragraph 2 has been fulfilled.
- 6. The general meeting of shareholders may resolve that dividends will be paid out entirely or partly in another form than money.
- 7. Out of the reserves prescribed by the law a deficit may only be paid in so far as the law permits this.
- 8. Dividends must be made payable one month after declaration, unless the general meeting of shareholders sets another time.
- 9. Claims on dividend shall lapse on expiry of five years after the start of the day following the one on which they became claimable.

### 3 Processing of the loss for the financial year 2020-2021

According to Dutch legislation the loss of the current period amounting to € 390.357,81 has to be deducted from the other reserves. This deduction has already been accounted for in these financial statements.